C2.301#
Cutting Unit Boundary Designation Table

Cutting Unit	Paint Color	Designation
All Units	Orange	Boundaries of all units are marked with three vertical stripes of orange paint. Two long vertical stripes face the boundary in either direction. The 3 rd paint stripe (which is shorter) faces the interior of the unit. A unit number is painted on approximately every 5 th boundary tree.

C2.3521# – DESIGNATION BY SPECIES AND DIAMETER. (11/2007)

Tree Designation Table

Subdivision(s) or Cutting Unit(s)	Designated Species	More Than Stump Diameter (inches)	Less Than Stump Diameter (inches)
42, 45, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 153, and 160	Lodgepole Pine, Engelmann Spruce And True Fir	9.0	N/A

C2.357# - INDIVIDUAL TREES (CUT TREE MARKING). (4/04)

Cut Tree Marking Table

Cutting Unit	Paint Color
41	BLUE

Sale Name: McAnulty Reoffer 3

C5.12# Restricted Road List Table

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	Т	Termini		Description of	
Road Number	From	То	Legend	Restrictions	
401	0.00	END	A	Public Use Restriction	
404.1B	0.00	401.1B/404 Junction	A Public Use Restriction		
404.1C	0.00	END	A	Public Use Restriction	
404.1D	0.00	END	A	Public Use Restriction	
415	2mi	END	X	Hauling Prohibited	
414	414/404 Junction	END	X	Hauling Prohibited	

C5.31#

<u>C5.31#</u> – <u>ROAD MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS</u>. (7/01) Purchaser shall maintain roads in accordance with the following Contract Road Maintenance Requirements Summary:

Contract Road Maintenance Requirements Summary

	Teri	Termini			App	olicable	Prehaul	Road I	Mainten	ance Sp	ecificat	ions	
Road	From	To	Miles	T-800	T-802	T-803	T-807						
401	0.0	1.9	1.9		P	P	P						
404.1C	0.0	1.3	1.3		P	P	P						
404.1D	0.0	0.74	0.74		P	P	P						
407.1F	0.0	0.1	0.1		P	P	P						
407.2C	0.0	0.2	0.2		P	P	P						

P = Purchaser Performance Item, D = Deposit to Forest Service, D3 = Deposit to Third Party, Service

	Teri	mini			Applicable During Haul Road Maintenance Specifications							
Road	From	To	Miles	T-800	T-802	T-803	T-807					
404	0.0	7.2	7.2		P	P						
407	0.0	9.8	9.8		P	P						
409	5.3	13.3	8.0		P	P						
415	11.6	12.83	1.23		P	P						
401	0.0	2.2	2.2		P	P						
404.1C	0.0	1.3	1.3		P	P						
404.1D	0.0	0.74	0.74		P	P						
404.1F	0.0	0.92	0.92		P	P						
407.1F	0.0	0.1	0.1		P	P						
407.2C	0.0	0.20	0.20		P	P						

P = Purchaser Performance Item, D = Deposit to Forest Service, D3 = Deposit to Third Party

	Ter	mini			Applicable Post Haul Road Maintenance Specifications							
Road	From	To	Miles	T-800	T-802	T-803	T-807					
404	0.0	7.2	7.2	P	P	P						
407	0.0	9.8	9.8	P	P	P						
409	5.3	13.3	8.0	P	P	P						
415	11.6	12.83	1.23	P	P	P						
401	0.0	2.2	2.2	P	P	P						
404.1C	0.0	1.3	1.3	P	P	P						
404.1D	0.0	0.74	0.74	P	P	P						
404.1F	0.0	0.92	0.92	P	P	P						
407.1F	0.0	0.1	0.1	P	P	P						
407.2C	0.0	0.20	0.20	P	P	P						

P = Purchaser Performance Item, D = Deposit to Forest Service, D3 = Deposit to Third Party

Road Maintenance T-Specifications For Timber Sale Contracts

To be used with C5.31#.

No.	Specification Title	
T-800	Definitions	
T-802	Ditch Cleaning	
T-803	Surface Blading	
T- 807	Roadway Vegetation	

SPECIFICATION T-800 DEFINITIONS

Wherever the following terms or pronouns are used in Specifications T-801 through T-811, the intent and meaning shall be interpreted as follows:

<u>800-1.1</u> - <u>Agreement</u>. Maintenance projects require a mutually acceptable method to resolve the problems which arise when incompatible situations arise between drawings and specifications and actual conditions on the ground to allow orderly and satisfactory progress of the maintenance.

These specifications have been developed in anticipation of those problem areas and have provided that such changes will be by Agreement.

It is intended that drawings and specifications will govern unless "on-the-ground" conditions warrant otherwise, when specifications call for "Agreement", "agreed", or "approval" such Agreement or approval shall be promptly confirmed in writing.

- <u>800-1.2</u> <u>Annual Road Maintenance Plan</u>. A plan prepared by various users of one or several roads. The plan is an Agreement on maintenance responsibilities to be performed for the coming year.
- <u>800-1.3</u> <u>Base Course</u>. Material used to reinforce Subgrade or, as shown on drawings, placed on Subgrade to distribute wheel loads.
- <u>800-1.4</u> <u>Berm.</u> Curb or dike constructed to prevent Roadway runoff water from discharging onto embankment slope.
- <u>800-1.5</u> <u>Borrow</u>. Select Material taken from designated borrow sites.
- <u>800-1.6</u> <u>Crown, Inslope, and Outslope</u>. The cross slope of the Traveled Way to aid in drainage and traffic maneuverability.
- <u>800-1.7</u> <u>Culverts.</u> A conduit or passageway under a road, trail, or other obstruction. A culvert differs from a bridge in that it is usually entirely below the elevation of the Traveled Way.
- <u>800-1.8</u> <u>Drainage Dip.</u> A dip in the Traveled Way which intercepts surface runoff and diverts the water off the Traveled Way. A Drainage Dip does not block the movement of traffic.

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- 800-1.9 Drainage Structures. Manufactured structures which control the runoff of water from the Roadway including Inslope, overside drains, aprons, flumes, downdrains, downpipes, and the like.
- 800-1.10 Dust Abatement Plan. A table which lists the road, dust palliative, application rates, and estimated number of subsequent applications.
- 800-1.11 Lead-off Ditches. A ditch used to transmit water from a Drainage Structure or Drainage Dip outlet to the natural drainage area.
- 800-1.12 Material. Any substances specified for use in the performance of the work.
- 800-1.13 Prehaul Maintenance. Road maintenance work, which must be accomplished to maintain the roads to a satisfactory condition commensurate with the Purchaser's use, provided Purchaser's Operations do not damage improvements under B6.22 or National Forest resources and hauling can be done safely. This work will be shown in the Annual Road Maintenance Plan as provided in C5.31#.

Prehaul Maintenance work the Purchaser elects to perform will be in compliance with the Road Maintenance T-Specifications.

- 800-1.14 Roadbed. The portion of a road between the intersection of Subgrade and sideslopes, excluding that portion of the ditch below Subgrade.
- 800-1.15 Road Maintenance Plan. A table which shows applicable road maintenance specifications to be performed by Purchaser on specific roads.
- 800-1.16 Roadside. A general term denoting the area adjoining the outer edge of the Roadway.
- 800-1.17 Roadway. The portion of a road within the limits of excavation and embankment.
- 800-1.18 Shoulder. That portion of Roadway contiguous with Traveled Way for accommodation of stopped vehicles, for emergency use, and lateral support of base and Surface Course, if any.
- 800-1.19 Slide. A concentrated deposit of Materials from above or on backslope extending onto the Traveled Way or Shoulders, whether caused by mass land movements or accumulated ravelling.

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800-1.20 - Slough. Material eroded from the backslope which partially or completely blocks the ditch, but does not encroach on the Traveled Way so as to block passage of traffic.

- 800-1.21 Slump. A localized portion of the Roadbed which has slipped or otherwise become lower than that of the adjacent Roadbed and constitutes a hazard to traffic.
- 800-1.22 Special Project Specifications. Specifications which detail conditions and requirements peculiar to the individual project.
- 800-1.23 Subgrade. Top surface of Roadbed upon which Base Course or Surface Course is constructed. For roads without Base Course or Surface Course, that portion of Roadbed prepared as the finished wearing surface.
- 800-1.24 Surface Course. The Material placed on Base Course or Subgrade primarily to resist abrasion and the effects of climate. Surface Course may be referred to as surfacing.
- 800-1.25 Surface Treatment Plan. A table which lists the roads and surface treatments to be applied.
- 800-1.26 Traveled Way. That portion of Roadway, excluding Shoulders, used for the movement of vehicles.
- 800-1.27 Turnouts. That portion of the Traveled Way constructed as additional width on single lane roads to allow for safe passing of vehicles.
- 800-1.28 Water Source. A place designated on the Road Maintenance Map for acquiring water for road maintenance purposes.
- 800-1.29 Waterbar. A dip in the Roadbed which intercepts surface runoff and diverts the water off the Roadway. A Waterbar is not designed to be traversable by logging trucks.

SPECIFICATION T-802 DITCH CLEANING

DESCRIPTION

1.1 Ditch cleaning is removing and disposing of all Slough Material from Roadway ditches to provide a free-draining waterway.

REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 Ditch cleaning shall be repeated during the year as often as necessary to facilitate proper drainage.
- 3.2 All Slough Material or other debris which might obstruct water flow in the Roadway ditch shall be removed. Material removed from the ditch, if suitable, may be blended into existing native road surface or Shoulder or placed in designated Berms in conjunction with Surface Blading T-803 operations.

Material removed from ditches that is not by Agreement blended into existing roads or placed in Berms shall be loaded and hauled to the disposal site designated by the Forest Service.

3.3 Roadway backslope or Berm shall not be undercut.

SPECIFICATION T-803 SURFACE BLADING

DESCRIPTION

1.1 Surface blading is keeping a native or aggregate Roadbed in a condition to facilitate traffic and provide proper drainage. It includes maintaining the Crown, Inslope or Outslope of the Traveled Way, Turnouts, and Shoulder; repairing Berms; blending approach road intersections; and cleaning bridge decks, Drainage Dips, and Lead-off Ditches.

REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 Surface blading shall be performed before, during, and after Purchaser's use as often as necessary to facilitate traffic and proper drainage.
- 3.2 The surface blading shall preserve the existing cross-section. Surface irregularities shall be eliminated and the surface left in a free-draining state and to a smoothness needed to facilitate traffic. Surface Material which has been displaced to the Shoulders or Turnouts shall be returned to the Traveled Way. The blading operation shall be conducted to prevent the loss of surface Material and to provide for a thorough mixing of the Material being worked.
- 3.3 Water, taken from Water Sources designated on Sale Area Map, shall be applied during blading if sufficient moisture is not present to cut, mix, or compact the surface Material.
- 3.4 On native surfaced roads, Material generated from backslope Sloughing, and ditch cleaning may be blended with the surface Material being worked. On aggregate surfaced roads this Material shall not be blended with Surface or Base Course Material unless agreed otherwise.
- 3.5 Roadway backslopes or Berms shall not be undercut, nor shall new Berms be established unless agreed otherwise.

Berms shall be repaired by placing Material, as needed to restore the Berm, to reasonably blend with existing line, grade, and cross-section.

<u>3.6</u> Drainage Dips and Lead-off Ditches shall be cleaned and maintained to reasonably blend with existing line, grade, and cross-section.

3.7 Intersecting roads shall be bladed for a distance of 50 feet to assure proper blending of the two riding surfaces.

- 3.8 Rocks or other Material remaining on the Traveled Way after the final pass that are larger than 4 inches in diameter or are larger than the maximum size of imported surfacing shall be removed from the Traveled Way. Unless otherwise designated by the Forest Service, the oversized Material shall be disposed of by sidecasting. Sidecasting into streams, lakes, or water courses will not be permitted.
- 3.9 Material resulting from work under this specification shall not remain on or in structures, such as Culverts, overside drains, cattleguards, ditches, Drainage Dips, and the like.
- 3.10 Material resulting from work under this specification, plus any accumulated debris, shall be removed from bridge decks and the deck drains opened.

SPECIFICATION T-807 ROADWAY VEGETATION

DESCRIPTION

1.1 This work includes removal of brush and trees from within the Roadway limits.

REQUIREMENTS

1.1 This work includes removal of brush and trees from within the Roadway limits.

REQUIREMENTS

- <u>3.1</u> Vegetative matter within the Roadway which impedes vehicular travel or interferes with road maintenance operations, such as surface blading and ditch and culvert cleaning shall be removed. Downed timber meeting utilization standards shall be cut in appropriate lengths and decked along the Roadside in locations where the Traveled Way or sight distances will not be impaired.
- 3.2 Vegetative matter removed from the Roadway shall be treated by the specified method and as required by C6.7#.

C5.35# - CLOSURE OF TEMPORARY ROADS. (9/01)

Unit	Closure Method
All	Rip temporary roadbed and lift rippers every 75"-100" feet so as not to have continuous furrows. Equipment used will have a minimum of three ripper teeth and each temporary road bed a minimum of two passes.

C5.41# - CLOSURE TO USE BY OTHERS. (4/04)

	Gate Location(s)									
Road Number	Location	Gate Furnished By	Gate Installed By	In Place						
401	MP 0.1	Forest Service	Forest Service	Yes						
404.1B	MP 0.1	Forest Service	Forest Service	Yes						
404.1C	MP 0.04	Forest Service	Forest Service	Yes						
404.1D	MP 0.04	Forest Service	Forest Service	Yes						

Percent Grade	Maximum Spacing
N/A	N/A

1 Close and Lock Existing Gate(s)

Closure Location(s)										
Road Number	Location	Closure Method 2/	Furnished By 1/	In Place 3/						
N/A										

C6.411# - FELLING AND BUCKING (SPECIAL OBJECTIVES). (11/98)

Cutting Unit	Special Objectives
ALL	Trees shall be felled, insofar as safety permits, to angle in the direction of skidding to protect existing regeneration, residual trees and wildlife reserve trees.

<u>C6.42# - SKIDDING AND YARDING (SPECIAL OBJECTIVES).</u> (11/98)

Cutting Unit	Special Objectives
All	Skid trails will be located and approved in advance of felling
All	All trees within 100 feet of NFSR 404, NFSR 407 and NFSR 415shall be whole tree skidded to landings with limbs and tops attached to the stem.
All cutting units except within 100 feet of NFSR 404, NFSR 407 and NFSR 415	No whole tree skidding allowed

C6.601# EROSION CONTROL SEEDING

Seed Application Table

Species of Seed	Lbs. Per Acre
Big bluegrass (Poa ampla) or Canby bluegrass (Poa canbyi)	1 lb (4%)
Mountain bromegrass (Bromus marginatus)	10 lbs (40%)
Blue wildrye (Elymus glaucus)	8.25 lbs (33%)
Slender wheatgrass (Elymus trachycaulus)	5.75 (23%)
Total	25

Type of Fertilizer	Lbs. per Acre
N/A	N/A

$\underline{\textbf{C6.602\# PROTECTION OF DISTURBED AREAS FROM ESTABLISHMENT OF NOXIOUS WEEDS}}~(11/1998)$

Seed Application Table

Species of Seed	Lbs. Per Acre
Big bluegrass (Poa ampla) or Canby bluegrass (Poa canbyi)	1 lbs. (4%)
Mountain bromegrass (Bromus marginatus)	10 lbs. (40%)
Blue wildrye (Elymus glaucus)	8.25 lbs. (33%)
Slender wheatgrass (Elymus trachycaulus)	5.75 (23%)
Total	25

Type of Fertilizer	Lbs. per Acre
N/A	N/A

C6.7# Purchaser's Slash Responsibility Table

Description Of Unit(s)	Type Of Slash Disposal
All	Landing Cleanup
Within 100 feet of NFSR 404, 407, and 415	Limb and Top Removal
All (except within 100 feet of NFSR 404, NFSR 407, and NFSR 415)	Leave Tops
All	Scatter

Landing Cleanup

A landing is considered a place where any logs or products are gathered for loading. All slash accumulated at landings shall be piled at the landing and/or at approved pile locations, unless otherwise agreed to in writing. Logs not meeting utilization standards accumulated at landings shall be bucked and placed in a slash pile. Slash shall be removed from the corridor of roads and other mowed or maintained areas. Remove all slash in ditches, culvert inlets/outlets, and place so it will not roll, fall, or be carried by water into these areas.

Landing slash piles shall be piled on the outside of the fence unless otherwise agreed to in writing and shall be reasonably compact and free of soil to facilitate burning. Piles will not be less than <u>6</u> feet in height (where sufficient material exists) or greater than <u>25</u> feet in height, unless otherwise agreed to in writing. Piles shall be of a size and location which will not impair road use. Piles shall be located at least <u>25</u> feet from residual timber. Piles shall not be more than <u>20</u> feet long/wide. All objects which extend more than <u>3</u> feet in any direction from the windrow or pile profile will be cut off and returned to the windrow or pile.

Limb and Top Removal

Tops and limbs from felled trees shall not be left within 100' of NFSR 404, 407, and 415 except at agreed to landing locations. Tops and limbs in this 100' zone, which are lost on the way to the landing site due to normal felling, skidding and/or yarding operations are not required to be yarded.

Leave Tops

All Included Timber shall have tops and limbs cut from the stems prior to skidding. These tops and limbs shall be left in the cutting units where the timber is felled.

Scatter

Logging slash shall be scattered away from and without unnecessary damage to residual trees. All scattered logs shall be limbed, placed away from trees and positioned so they will not roll. Other logging slash shall be scattered to reduce slash concentrations with slash being generally left within <u>24</u> inches of the ground and not in piles. Slash shall be removed from the corridor of roads and other mowed or maintained areas.